EPOMAX * 2000 UI/ml - EPOMAX * 2000 UI/0.5 ml - EPOMAX * 4000UI/ml -EPOMAX * 10 000 UI/ml **Solution for injection**

Recombinant human erythropoietin alpha

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you. Insert on the contains a support of the contains the contains a support of th

What is in this leaflet:
What EPOMAX is and what it is used for
What EPOMAX when whefore you use EPOMAX

What you need to know How to use EPOMAX Possible side effects How to store EPOMAX

Contents of the pack and other information What EPOMAX is and what it is used for

This medicine belongs to the pharmacotherapeutic class of "other ANTI-ANEMIC / ERYTHROPOIETINE".

nerapeutic indications. EPOMAX is used to treat symptomatic anaemia caused by kidney disease in children on haemodialysis

MAA is used to treal symptomatic anaemia caused by kidney disease hildren on harmodalysis considered dialysis butto on harmodalysis per disease of the state of the state of the state of the state of the butto of the state of the law have kidney disease, you may be short of red blood cells if your kidney does not produce enough topolicit (necessary for red cell production). EPOMAX is prescribed to stimulate your bone marrow to ce more red blood cells.

or multiple myeloma (hone marrow cancer) who may have a need for a blood transfusion. EPOMAX can reduce the need for a blood transfusion in these patients.

It is not back to them during or after the operation. Because EPOMAX simulates the production of red blood cells, declored an undertackly anaemic adults about to have made or the production of red blood cells, declored an undertackly anaemic adults about to have major entropedies surgery, to that it can be given back to them during or after the operation. Because EPOMAX simulates the production of red blood cells, declored an undertackly anaemic adults about to have major entropaedic surgery (for example hip or -EPOMAX is used in moderately anaemic adults about to have major entropaedic surgery (for example hip or -EPOMAX is used to treat anaemin in adults with myelodysplastic syndromes. EPOMAX can reduce the need for a blood transfusion.

2.What you need to know before you use

Do not use EPOMAX.

Conceins of the reduced and the production of the pro

Do not use EPOMAX

If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to epoctin alfa or any of the other ingredients of EPOMAX (listed in section 6, Contents of the pack and other information).

If you have been diagnosed with Pure Red Cell Aplasia (the bone marrow cannot produce enough red blood cells) after previous treatment with any product that stimulates red blood cell production (including EPOMAX). See section 4, Possible add effects.

If you have high blood pressure not properly controlled with medicines.

If you have high blood pressure on properly controlled with medicines.

If you have high blood pressure on the properly controlled with medicines.

If you have high blood pressure on the properly controlled with medicines.

If you are the blood from you if you cannot have transfusions with your own holed during or after surgery.

If you are due to have major elective orthopaedic surgery (such as hip or knee surgery), and you:

have severe heard fiscase.

have severe heart disease.
 have recently had a heart attack or stroke
 have recently had a heart attack or stroke
 have recently had a heart attack or stroke
 eart take medicines to thin the born.
 Heave recently had a heart attack or stroke
 EPOMAX may not be suitable for you. Please discuss with your doctor. While on EPOMAX, some people need
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not have EPOMAX. some people need not have EPOMAX some people need not have EPOMAX. some people need not have EPOMAX.

Warnings and precurious
Rais special care with EPOMAX
Rais special

Light blood pressure;
epileptic sextures or fits
liver disease
amenia from other causes
are provided to the causes
I you are a patient with chronic renal failure, and particularly if you do not respond
properly to EPOMAX, your doctor will check your dose of EPOMAX because repeatedly increasing your dose of
EPOMAX if you are not responding to treatment may increase the risk of having a problem of the heart or the blood
I you are a cancer patient be aware that products that stimulate red blood cell production (like EPOMAX)
may act as a growth factor and therefore in theory may affect the progression of your cancer. Depending on your
individual situation a blood translusion may be preferable. Please discuss this with your dector.
I you are a term with other products that stimulate red blood cell production:
EPOMAX is one of a group of products that stimulate red blood cell production:
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EPOMAX is one of a group of products that stimulate red blood cell production:
EPOMAX is one of a group of products that stimulate the production of red blood cells like the human protein
I you are given a product in this group other than EPOMAX during your treatment, speak to your doctor or
hormacist before using it.

BOMMAX

erythropoietin does. Your healthcare professional will always record the exact product you are using. If you are given a product in his group other than EPOMAX during your treatment, speak to your doctor or pharmacist before using it.

If you are given and EPOMAX

Other medicines and EPOMAX

Other medicines and EPOMAX

Used) any other medicines—including medicines obtained without a prescription.

If you are taking a drug called cyclosoporin (used e.g., after kidney transplants), your doctor may order blood tests to check the level of cyclosoprin while you are taking EPOMAX.

Ton supplements and other blood stimulants may increase the effectiveness of EPOMAX. Your doctor will decide it it is right for you to take them.

If you wist a hospital, clinic or family doctor, tell them you are having EPOMAX treatment. It may affect other II you wist a hospital, clinic or family doctor, tell them you are having EPOMAX treatment. It may affect other

treatments or test results.
Interactions with food and drinks
Not applicable
Interactions with herbal products or alternative therapies
Not applicable.

Interactions with herbal products or alternative therapies
Not applicable.
Pregnancy and breast-feeding.
Pregnancy and breast-feeding to the following apply to you. You may still be able to use
EPOMAX, but discuss it with your doctor first.

If you are pregnant, or think you may be pregnant.
If you are pregnant, or think you may be pregnant.
If you are present feeding.
Allow to use EPOMAX
We are still the still the still the still the still you. Check with your doctor if you are not sure.
Your doctor has carried out blood tests and decided you need EPOMAX. EPOMAX may be given by injection:
Either into a vein or a tube that goes into a vein (intravenously).
Your doctor will decide how EPOMAX will be injected. Usually the injections will be given to you by a doctor.
You conclude the still the still the still the still the properties of the still the still

Your doctor will monitor your blood pressure regularly while you are using EPOMAX.

People with kidney disease

Your doctor will monitor.

People with kidney disease.

Vour doctor with kidney disease.

Vour doctor with maintain your haemoglobin level between 10 and 12 g/dL as a high haemoglobin level may "Vour doctor with intantian your haemoglobin level may have been as the property of the

increase the risk of blood clofs and death.

The usual starting dose of EPOMAX for adults and children is 50 International Units (IU) per kilogram (kg) of bodyweigh given three times a week.

Por adults and children EPOMAX is given as an injection either into a veiro or a tube that goes into a vein. When this access (via a vein or tube) is not readily available, your doctor may decide that EPOMAX should be injected under the skin (adulteran EPOMAX is includes patients on dialysis and patients not yet on dialysis.

Por adults and discharaceusly). This includes patients on dialysis and patients not yet on dialysis.

Once your amenin has been corrected, your doctor will continue to check your blood regularly.

Your EPOMAX dose and frequency of administration may be further adjusted to maintain your response to the proposition of the proposi

se the risk of blood clots and death. starting dose is either 150 IU per kilogram bodyweight three times a week or 450 IU per kilogram bodyweight

EPOMAX is given by injection under the skin.

Your doctor will order blood tests, and may adjust the dose, depending on how your anaemia responds to

Vour dector will order blood tests, and may again us and a personal references.

FOOMAX treatment.

FOO may be given iron supplements before and during EPOMAX treatment to make it more effective.

Four will usually continue EFOMAX treatment for one month after the end of chemotherapy.

Adults donating their own blood

A drug is a product but it is different from the other products.

The usual dose is 600 IU per kilogram bodyweight twice a week.
 EPOMAX is given by injection into a vein immediately after you have donated blood for 3 weeks before your

• EPOMAX is given by injection into a vein immediately after you have donated blood for 3 weeks before your suggery.
• You may be given iron supplements before and during EPOMAX treatment to make it more effective.
Adults scheduled for major orthogoedic surgery.
• Adults scheduled for major orthogoedic surgery.
• EPOMAX is given by injection under the skin each week for three weeks before surgery and on the day of surgery.
• EPOMAX is given by injection under the skin each week for three weeks before surgery and on the day of surgery.
• EPOMAX is given by injection under the skin each week for three weeks before surgery and on the day of surgery.
• If there is a medical need to reduce the time before your operation, you will be given a daily dose of 300 fUl/kg for up to ten days before surgery, on the day of surgery and for four days immediately afterwards.
• If blood tests show your haemoglobon is too high before the operation, the treatment will be supped.

Instructions on how to inject EPOMAX yourself

Instructions on how to inject EPOMAX by medical or mursing staff. Later, your dotor may suggest that you or your caregiver learn how to inject EPOMAX whether the treatment will be one by your doctor or nurse.
• Do not attempt to inject yourself unless you have been trained to do so by your doctor or nurse.
• Only use EPOMAX if it has been stored correctly – see section S, How to Store EPOMAX.

• Before use, leave the EPOMAX syringe to stand until if reaches room temperature. This usually takes between 15 and 30 minutes, you can use the vial within 3 days of being taken out of the refrigerator as much as possible.

much as possible.

Use only one dose of EPOMAX per vial

If EPOMAX is injected under the skin (subcutaneously), the amount injected is usually not greater than one

"three of the second insection."

FDOMAX is administered alone and is not mixed with other fluids to be injected.

Do not shake the vials of EPOMAX.

The both with the arminest of the product.

Wiggrous and prolonged agitation may deteriorate the product.

If the product has been vigcrously agitated, do not use it.

How to self-inject the product sizes injection prepared from a vial:

**Take a vial out of the refrigentor and check to make sure that the expiry date has not passed, that the vial is undamaged, and that the liquid is clear and not frozen.

**Emore the capsule from the bottle but not the rubber stopper. Clean the rubber stopper with an antiseptic swab.

**Remove the capsule from the bottle but not the plunger of the syringe to fill the syringe with an anount of air each of the product of the syringe is the plunger of the syringe to fill the syringe with an anount of air each syringe to the syringe to the plunger of the syringe to the syringe with the correct of the syringe to the syringe with the correct of the syringe to the sy

amount of fluid from the vial. It is important that the needle is always in the liquid to prevent the formation of air bubbles in the syringe.

Remove the syringe and needle from the vial. Hold the syringe with the needle pointing upwards to see if there are any air bubbles inside. If there are air bubbles, gently push the plunger until all the air (but not the liquid) is gone.

Choose an injection site. Good injection sites are at the top of the thigh and on the abdomen, but away from the clean the skin are the injection site with an antisepine swab.

Form as crease by pinching the skin between thumbs and forefinger.

Insert the needle quickly and firmly into the skin fold. Inject the EPOMAX solution as shown by your doctor. If in doubt, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

While keeping he skin pinched, press the plunger gently and evenly.

When the liquid has been injected, remove the needle and release the skin. Press the injection site with a dry, stellie swals.

• When the liquid has been injected, remove the needle and release the san. Fress the injection we wan a way, sterile savals.
• Dispose of your used syringe in a container designed for this purpose. If any fluid remains in the vial after injection, the vial should be discarded appropriately and not reused (see: How to store EPOMAX).

Tell the doctor or nurse immediately if you think too much EPOMAX has been injected. Side effects from an overdose of EPOMAX are unlikely.

If you fraget to use EPOMAX

Make the next injection as soon as you remember. If you are within a day of your next injection, forget the missed one and carry on with your normal schedule. Do not double up the injections.

If you are a patient with hepatitis C and your receive interferon and ribavirin. If you are within a side of the properties of the properties

rare cases. EPOMAX is not approved in the management of anaemia sascited with hepatitis C. If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor, nurse or pharmacist. 44 Possible side of EPOMAX can cause side offers, although not everybody gest them. Like all medicines, EPOMAX can cause side offers, although not everybody gest them. These may affect more than 1 person in 10 using EPOMAX.

- Diarrhose

- Pseling sick in your stomach

Feeling sick in your stomach Vomiting

• Vomitting
• Foreign Service of the Company of

*Cough.
*Cough.
Skin rashes, which may result from an allergic reaction.
Bone or muscle pain.
*Bone or muscle pain.
*Phu-like symptoms, such as beadache, aches and pains in the joints, feeling of weakness, chills, tiredness and dizziness. These may be more common at the start of treatment. If you have these symptoms during injection into the vein, a slower delivery of the injection may help to avoid them in the future.
Redness, burning and pain at the site of injection
Swelling of the ankles, feet or fingertion.

sweating of the ankles, feet or fingers incommon side effects these may after by to in 100 people using EPOMAX.

High levels of blood potassium which can cause abnormal heart rhythm (this is a very common side effect in natients or dialys).

These may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people using EPOMAX.

*Symptoms of pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

PRCA means the bone marrow does not make enough red

enough red blood cells. PRCA causes sudden and severe anaemia.

PRCA means the bone marrow does not make enough red blood cells. PRCA causes sudden and severe anaemia. The symptoms are: •musual tiredness, •musual tiredness, •hreathlessness. •hreathlessness. PRCA has been very rarely reported mostly in patients with kidney disease after months to years of treatment with PEOMAX and other products that stimulate red blood cell production. •An increase in levels of small blood cells (called platelest), which are normally involved in the formation of a blood clot may occur, particularly when starting teatment. Pour doctor will check on this.

If you are receiving haemodialysis:

Blood dots (thrombosis) may form in your dialysis shunt. This is more likely if you have low blood pressure or if your fistals has complexations. If your fistals has complexations, if you fistals have complexations and the property of the property o

Store in a refrigerator (2°C-8°C). These temperature limits must be respected until administration to the patient. Do not freeze or shakes, in order to protect from light. Store in the original package of you notice that the seal is broken or if the liquid is coloured or you can see particles locating in it. In the event of either being doserved, discard the medicinal product. Do not throw away any medicines via waste water or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment. 6.Contents of the pack and other information

	EPOMAX 2000 UI/ml	EPOMAX 2000 UI/0.5ml	EPOMAX 4000 UI/ml	EPOMAX 10 000 UI/ml
Active substance :				
Recombinant human erythropoietin alpha	2000 UI	2000 UI	4000 UI	10 000 UI
Excipients:				
Human albumin, Disodium phosphate dihydrate, Sodium phosphate dihydrate, sodium chloride, Hydrochloric				
acid or Sodium hydroxide, Water for injections.				

What EPOMAX 1000 bile and contents of the pack and MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S):
EPOMAX 2000 U.L./ ml. solution for injection in vial of 1 ml in pack of 1 or 10 vials – pack of 1 vial AMM N°
238A81H and pack of 10 vials AMM N° 1923A8681M,
Systam 10 vials – pack of 1 vial AMM N°
1923A861H, or injection in vial of 1 ml in pack of 0.5 ml in pack of 02 syringes AMM
N° 1923A8621H,
EPOMAX 10 000 U.Hm. sloution for injection in vial of 1 ml in pack of 1 vial, AMM N° 1923A684H.
EPOMAX 10 000 U.Hm. sloution for injection in vial of 1 ml in pack of 1 vial, AMM N° 1923A684H.
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EPOMAX 10 000 U.Hm. sloution for injection in vial of 1 ml in pack of 1 ml in pack of 1 vial, AMM N° 10 vial,

E-mail: contact@labomedis.com This leaflet was last approved in January 2018.

This is a drug

A drug is a product which acts on your health and its non appropriate consumption can expose you to danger.

Rigorously respect your doctor's prescription and the mode of administration he prescribed. Follow your pharmacist's advices.

Your doctor and your pharmacist know drugs, their indications and contra-indications. Do not stop on your own initiative the treatment during the prescribed period

Do not retake, do not increase doses without consulting your doctor.

KEEPANY DRUG OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.